Math 10/11 Enriched: Section 5.4 Solving Systems of Equations with Radicals

- 1. For what value(s) of "k" will the equation have an extraneous root?
- i) $\sqrt{13x-1} = k$

- ii) $3\sqrt{5x+1}+4+k=0$
- 2. When given an equation in the form $3x+b=\sqrt{5x+c}$, how do you tell if an answer is an extraneous root or not? Explain why extraneous roots exists.
- 3. Suppose you are given the equation $4x-12=3\sqrt{6x^2-8x+b}+3$ with an answer of x=2, is this answer an extraneous root? Explain:
- 4. When graphing $y = a\sqrt{bx-c}+d$, how do you know whether if the graph is opening UP or DOWN, LEFT or RIGHT? Explain:
- 5. Solve for "x". Indicate any extraneous roots and restrictions on the domain:

a) $\sqrt{x} = 5$ b) $2\sqrt{x+1} = 5$ c) $\sqrt{3x+1} = 5$	+1=16

d)
$$-3\sqrt{4x-1} = -2$$
 e) $15+\sqrt{4x-3} = 9$ f) $\sqrt{2x+25} = \sqrt{x+14}$

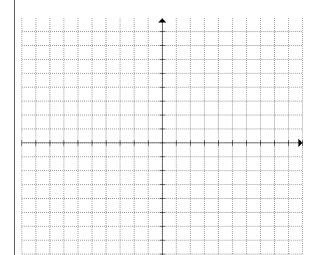
g)
$$\sqrt{x} = x + 3$$

h)
$$\sqrt{3x+1} = 2x-6$$

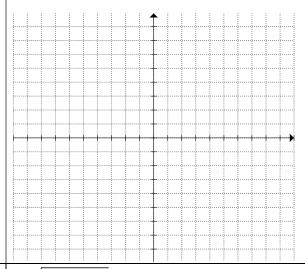
i)
$$3\sqrt{3x+1} = -(x+5)$$

6. Graph the system with the left side as Y1 & right side as Y2. Solve the system by finding all intersection points

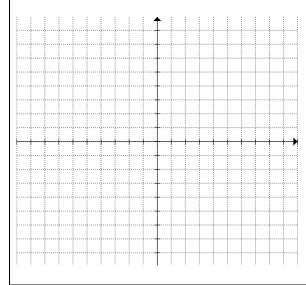
a)
$$\sqrt{x+5} = -x-5$$



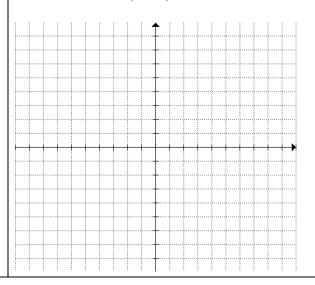
b)
$$\sqrt{3x+1} = x-9$$



$$c) \sqrt{-x} = \frac{x}{x+2}$$



d)
$$\sqrt{\frac{37}{2} \left(\frac{x}{3} + 1 \right)} = \frac{1}{\left(x + 2 \right)^2}$$



7. Solve each of the following equations. Indicate an extraneous roots:

a)
$$\sqrt{x+2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+2}}$$

b)
$$\sqrt{x^2 - 8} = \sqrt{3x + 2}$$

c)
$$\sqrt{x^2 + 3} = x + 1$$

$$d) \sqrt{x-2} = 4-x$$

e)
$$\sqrt{2x+3} - \sqrt{x+2} = 2$$

$$f) \sqrt{x-8} + \sqrt{x} = 2$$

g)	$\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}$	-3 = 9

h)
$$\sqrt{x-2} + \sqrt{3x-3} = 3$$

i)
$$\sqrt{x+6} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x+1}} + \sqrt{x+1}$$

$$f) \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}} - 5 = \frac{1 - 2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

8. Solve for all real value(s) of "x" $\sqrt{x+10} - \frac{6}{\sqrt{x+10}} = 5$

9. Find all "z" such that $\sqrt{5z+5} - \sqrt{3-3z} - 2\sqrt{z} = 0$

10. It so happens that $\sqrt{1800} + \sqrt{200} = \sqrt{n}$, where "n" is an integer. What is the value of "n"?

11. Find all real values of "x" which satisfy $\sqrt{x^2+1}+x^2+1=90$

12. Find 2x+5 if "x" satisfies $\sqrt{40-9x}-2\sqrt{7-x}=\sqrt{-x}$

13. Evaluate the expression. No Calculator: $\sqrt{3+2\sqrt{2}}-\sqrt{3-2\sqrt{2}}=?$

14. Solve for "x"
$$\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + 11}} + \sqrt{x - \sqrt{x + 11}} = 4$$

15. Determine the sum of the solution for "x": $\sqrt{2x-7} = 2 + \sqrt{x-7}$

16. Determine the domain of the following function: $y = \sqrt{190 - \sqrt{x}}$

17. For how many real values of "x" is $\sqrt{2211-\sqrt{x}}$ an integer?

18. Given the two expressions, determine which one is bigger. Provide a proof to justify your answer:

$$\sqrt[n]{n!} \text{ vs } \sqrt[n+1]{(n+1)!}$$

19. If
$$\sqrt{\frac{3}{1} \times \frac{5}{3} \times \frac{7}{5} \times \times \frac{2n+1}{2n-1}} = 9$$
, then what is the value of "n"? Fermat #21

20. What are all real values of "x" which satisfy:

$$\sqrt{x+2\sqrt{x-1}} + \sqrt{x-2\sqrt{x-1}} = 2\sqrt{x-1}$$
 ?

21. IF
$$S = \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}$$
 , where "a" and "b" are both primes, find $a+b$ =??

Let
$$S = \sqrt{9 - \sqrt{\frac{13}{9} + \sqrt{\frac{13}{81} - \sqrt{\frac{13}{6561} + \sqrt{\frac{13}{43046721} - \dots}}}}$$

22. A student mistakenly thinks that the equation below is correct:
$$\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} = \sqrt{a^2} + \sqrt{b^2}$$

Find as many ordered pairs of integers (a,b) such that $-10 \le a \le 10$ and $-10 \le b \le 10$, and that satisfies the equation: $\sqrt{a^2+b^2} = \sqrt{a^2} + \sqrt{b^2}$: Brilliant.org